Floatel Noise Monitoring Survey - 6 (July 23 – July 28, 2025)

Woodfibre LNG Project

September 10, 2025

123221624EN-RPT0065



Preamble

The Woodfibre Liquefied Natural Gas Project (the Project) is a liquefied natural gas export facility being constructed on the former Woodfibre Pulp and Paper Mill site in Átl'ka7tsem (Howe Sound), approximately seven kilometres south of Skwxwú7mesh (Squamish). The Project is on the historical location of a Skwxwú7mesh Úxwumixw (Squamish Nation) village known as Swiýát. Swiýát and Átl'k'a7tsem (Howe Sound) are tied to the cultural well-being of Skwxwú7mesh Úxwumixw (Squamish Nation) members, their ancestors, and their descendants, and to other Indigenous groups as defined in the Project's Environmental Assessment Certificates. The Project is also operating within the traditional, ancestral, and unceded territory of the selilwetał (Tsleil-Waututh) Nation, and to other Indigenous groups as defined in the Project's Environmental Assessment Certificates. Woodfibre LNG General Partner Inc. recognizes the importance of these areas to the Skwxwú7mesh stélmexw (Squamish People), and other Indigenous groups. Woodfibre LNG General Partner Inc., as general partner on behalf of Woodfibre LNG Limited Partnership (Woodfibre LNG) seeks to construct and operate the Project in a manner that is respectful of Indigenous values. This Floatel Noise Monitoring and Mitigation Plan is primarily written in English with important place names, phrases, and passages provided in Skwxwú7mesh sníchim (the Squamish language).

Temíxwiỷikw chet wa naantem chet ti temíxw Swiỷát Chet wa sméňhemswit kwis ns7éyxnitas chet ti temíxw We7ú chet kwis t'íchimwit iy íwas chet ek' I tti.

Our ancient ancestors named this place Swiyat We, as their descendants safeguard these lands We will continue to swim and fish in these clear waters.



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Squamish-English Translations

Squamish	English
Átľka7tsem	Howe Sound
ínexwantas	monitoring
Skwxwú7mesh	Squamish
Skwxwú7mesh sníchim	Squamish Language
Skwxwú7mesh stélmexw	Squamish people
Skwxwú7mesh Úxwumixw	Squamish Nation
Swiýát	Historic Squamish Nation village located at Woodfibre Site



Abbreviations

ANSI American National Standards Institute

BC British Columbia

BC ER British Columbia Energy Regulator

dB Decibel level

dBA A-weighted decibel level

EAC Environmental Assessment Certificate

FNMMP Floatel Noise Monitoring and Mitigation Plan

HVAC Heating, ventilation, and air-conditioning

Hz Hertz

L_{Amax} Maximum A-weighted equivalent sound level

 $\begin{array}{lll} L_d & & \text{Daytime equivalent sound level} \\ L_{eq} & & \text{Energy equivalent sound level} \\ L_n & & \text{Nighttime equivalent sound level} \end{array}$

LNG Liquified natural gas

MOE Ministry of Environment and Climate Change Strategy

MOH Ministry of Health

the Project Woodfibre Liquefied Natural Gas Project

SPL Sound pressure level

VCH Vancouver Coastal Health
WHO World Health Organization

Woodfibre LNG Woodfibre LNG General Partner Inc.



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Glossary

Adaptive Management A systematic process for continually improving management policies

and practices by learning from the outcomes of operational programs.

Bands (octave, 1/3 octave) A series of electronic filters separate sound into discrete frequency

bands, making it possible to know how sound energy is distributed as a function of frequency. Each octave band has a centre frequency that

is double the centre frequency of the octave band preceding it.

daytime The hours from 07:00 to 22:00.

dB - Decibel A logarithmic unit associated with sound pressure levels and sound

power levels.

dBA - decibel, A-weighted A logarithmic unit where the recorded sound has been filtered using

the A frequency weighting scale. A-weighting somewhat mimics the response of the human ear to sounds at different frequencies. A weighted sound pressure levels are denoted by the suffix 'A' (i.e., dBA), and the term pressure is normally omitted from the

description (i.e., sound level or noise level).

energy equivalent sound level

(L_{eq})

An energy-average sound level taken over a specified period of time. It represents the average sound pressure encountered for the period. The time period is often added as a suffix to the label (e.g., $L_{eq}(24)$ for the 24-hour equivalent sound level). L_{eq} is usually A-weighted. A L_{eq} value expressed in dBA is a good, single value descriptor of the annoyance of noise.

frequency Number of cycles per unit of time. In acoustics frequency is expressed

in hertz (Hz), i.e., cycles per second.

floatel The marine-based work camp, associated facilities and mooring

infrastructure dedicated to house approximately 650 Workers during

the Construction of the Project.

hertz (Hz)

Unit of measurement of frequency, numerically equal to cycles per

second.

L_d Daytime sound level, an equivalent continuous sound level taken over

15 hours from 07:00 to 22:00.

L_{Amax} The maximum value of the A-weighted sound pressure level during a

measurement duration.



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L_n Nighttime sound level, an equivalent continuous sound level taken

over 9 hours from 22:00 to 07:00.

nighttime The hours from 22:00 to 07:00.

noise Unwanted sound.

noise level Same as sound level, except applied to unwanted sounds.

sound A dynamic (fluctuating) pressure.

sound pressure level (SPL) The logarithmic ratio of the root mean square (RMS) sound pressure to

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the sound pressure at the threshold of hearing. The sound pressure level is defined by the equation below where P is the RMS pressure due to a

sound and P_0 is the reference pressure. P_0 is usually taken as

 2.0×10^{-5} Pascals.

SPL (dB) = $20 \log (P_{RMS}/P_0)$



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1.0 INTRODUCTION

1.1 OVERVIEW

Woodfibre LNG General Partner Inc. (Woodfibre LNG) is constructing the Woodfibre Liquefied Natural Gas Project (the Project), which is located on the former Woodfibre Pulp Mill site approximately seven kilometres (km) southwest of Skwxwú7mesh (Squamish), British Columbia (BC).

Woodfibre LNG received an amendment to the Environmental Assessment Certificate (EAC) #E15-02 (Amendment #3) on November 1, 2023, approving the use of temporary accommodation for off-duty construction workers in a self-contained floating housing facility (floatel). The Amendment #3 includes conditions related to air quality and noise monitoring for the floatel occupants.

The floatel was mobilized and moored at the Project site on June 21, 2024, and will be continuously operating for approximately three years during the construction of the Project. The floatel will provide accommodation for approximately 650 persons at peak construction. In addition to the accommodation spaces, the floatel also includes a variety of ancillary service facilities such as medical, food and beverage, laundry, recreational and leisure, and office spaces. Figure 1 in Appendix A shows the site plan and location of the floatel.

1.2 FLOATEL NOISE MONITORING AND MITIGATION PLAN

Amendment #3 includes conditions regarding noise management for the floatel. Condition 30 of Amendment #3 states that:

- 30.1 The Holder must retain a Qualified Professional(s) to develop the following monitoring and mitigation plans, in consultation with MOE¹, MOH², BC Energy Regulator, VCH³ and Aboriginal Groups:
 - b) Noise Monitoring and Mitigation Plan.

In accordance with the requirements of Condition 30, the Noise Monitoring and Mitigation Plan (the FNMMP) has been developed on July 17, 2024 (Rev.4) by the Stantec Qualified Professional and reviewed by the regulatory agencies (Stantec FNMMP 2024). The FNMMP specifically includes the Noise Monitoring Plan, Noise Mitigation Plan and Adaptive Management Plan.

The FNMMP provides general guidance about how to assess workers' sleep disturbance due to Project related construction noise within the floatel cabins. The general guidance includes monitoring methods, sleep disturbance noise threshold, data analysis procedures, and reporting requirements.

³ VCH: Vancouver Coastal Health



¹ MOE: Ministry of Environment and Climate Change Strategy

² MOH: Ministry of Health

1.3 OBJECTIVE

In accordance with the FNMMP, a series of quarterly noise monitoring programs will be conducted or initiated following changes in construction activities.

Six noise monitoring surveys have been conducted on the floatel since July 2024 and five summary reports have been submitted. All reports are listed below:

- The initial noise monitoring program was conducted from July 10 to July 14, 2024, to measure sound levels in the cabins. The results were presented in a report "Floatel Noise Monitoring Survey - 1 (July 10 - 14, 2024) – Woodfibre LNG Project" (Stantec 2024a).
- A second subsequent noise monitoring survey was conducted from September 4 to September 7, 2024;
 and the results were presented in a report "Floatel Noise Monitoring Survey 2 (September 4 7, 2024)
 Woodfibre LNG Project" (Stantec 2024b).
- A third subsequent noise monitoring survey was conducted from October 8 to October 11, 2024; and the results were presented in a report "Floatel Noise Monitoring Survey - 3 (October 8 – 11, 2024) – Woodfibre LNG Project" (Stantec 2024c).
- The fourth subsequent noise monitoring survey was conducted from January 31 to February 2, 2025; the results were presented in a report "Floatel Noise Monitoring Survey 4 (January 31 February 2, 2025) Woodfibre LNG Project" (Stantec 2024d).
- The fifth subsequent noise monitoring survey was conducted from May 14 to May 17, 2025; the results were presented in a report "Floatel Noise Monitoring Survey 5 (May 14 to May 17, 2025) Woodfibre LNG Project" (Stantec 2024e).

The sixth subsequent noise monitoring survey was conducted from July 23 to July 28, 2025. During this sixth noise monitoring period, shore grid power continued to supply electricity to the floatel. Continuous construction activities were observed during the dayshift and nightshift.

The objectives of the noise monitoring programs include the following:

- Measure sound levels at the selected cabins.
- Analyze data gathered and evaluate noise effects on the floatel cabins from construction activities.
- Compare the measured sound levels with applicable sleep disturbance thresholds and assess compliance for sleep disturbance effect for sleeping quarter occupants.
- Conduct interviews about noise with occupants.
- Recommend mitigation or adaptive management plan if required.

1.4 ENVIRONMENTAL NOISE DESCRIPTORS

All noise descriptors in this assessment are based on the A-weighted decibel (dBA) scale. The dBA unit is based on relative loudness of sound at different frequencies and is meant to reflect the human ear's response to noise.



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Environmental noise typically varies over time. To account for this variation, single number descriptors are used. It is defined as the steady, continuous sound level over a specified time that has the same acoustic energy as the actual varying sound levels over the specified time. The noise descriptors energy equivalent sound level (Leq), daytime equivalent A-weighted sound level (Ld), nighttime equivalent A-weighted sound level (Ln), and maximum A-weighted sound level (LAmax) are commonly used to quantify noise effects for activities of a project. The following provides a general description for these descriptors:

- Leq represents the energy-average sound pressure encountered for the period.
- L_d is the 15-hour energy equivalent A-weighted sound level during the daytime period from 07:00 to 22:00.
- L_n is a 9-hour energy equivalent A-weighted sound level during the nighttime period from 22:00 to 07:00.
- L_{Amax} is the maximum A-weighted sound level recorded over the measurement duration.

The Glossary section provides additional details for these descriptors.



2.0 CABIN SOUND LEVEL TARGETS

Construction noise may cause sleep disturbance for the floatel occupants during the Project construction phase. This section focuses on the sleep disturbance threshold recommendations by Health Canada, as well as room sound level criteria from international standards (i.e., American National Standards Institute [ANSI]).

2.1 HEALTH CANADA SLEEP DISTURBANCE THRESHOLD

Noise may cause sleep disturbance for people and there is clear evidence that ongoing sleep disturbance is associated with a wide variety of health effects, such as cardiovascular effects, mental health and hearing impairment. Health Canada's Guidance for Evaluating Human Health Effects in Impact Assessment: NOISE, 2023 (Health Canada Noise Guidance) references the guidelines and recommendations of the World Health Organization (WHO) for community noise (WHO 1999) and Night Noise Guidelines for Europe regarding sleep disturbance (WHO 2009). The WHO 1999 guideline recommends a threshold for sleep disturbance as being an indoor sound level of no more than 30 dBA Leq for continuous noise during the sleep period. Additionally, for individual noise events, Health Canada refers to WHO's recommendations that indoor sound levels should not exceed 45 dBA Lamax more than 10 to 15 times per night to provide for a good sleep environment (WHO 1999). Health Canada recommends that an outdoor-to-indoor transmission loss with windows at least partially open is 15 dBA and fully closed windows are assumed to reduce outdoor sound levels by approximately 27 dBA (Health Canada 2023).

The Project construction activities may be scheduled 24 hours per day, meaning that the floatel occupants could be off-duty and sleeping during both daytime and nighttime while construction is ongoing. To assess potential sleep disturbances, the recommended indoor noise thresholds for the floatel are:

- 30 dBA (L_{eq}) for continuous noise level during sleep periods.
- Maximum 15 times of occurrence of L_{Amax} > 45 dBA during both daytime (07:00 to 22:00) and nighttime (22:00 to 07:00).

Although the Heath Canada sleep disturbance threshold of 30 dBA is used in this assessment, it is better suited for private residential bedrooms with very low background noise. However, in spaces with higher occupant density, such as apartment buildings and hotel or motel rooms, background noise from central heating, ventilation and air-conditioning (HVAC) systems, as well as local people activities, a sound level of 30 dBA may not be feasible.

Therefore, in addition to Health Canada's thresholds, the ANSI S12.2 standard for hotel and motel room sound level criteria is used as an achievable target for evaluating interior noise on the floatel.



2.2 ANSI S12.2 SOUND LEVEL CRITERIA FOR ROOM

The ANSI S12.2-2019 (Reaffirmed in 2023) Criteria for Evaluating Room Noise is commonly used as a reference guide for assessment of sound level criteria for occupants in various interior environments. The ANSI standard specifies sound level criteria when evaluating the room noise by using the survey method that employs the A-weighted sound level. Table 2.1 lists the A-weighted sound level criteria for individual rooms or suite in hotels and motels, based on ANSI sound level criteria for room of various uses (ANSI S12.2).

Table 2.1 A-weighted Sound Level Criteria for Rooms – Hotels and Motels

Occupancy	A-weighted Sound Level dBA
Hotels/motels	
Individual rooms or suites	39-44
Meeting/banquet rooms	35-44
Service support areas	48-57
Source: Table C.1 of ANSI S12.2	

As the floatel worker accommodation is similar to the hotel/motel classification, the A-weighted sound level criteria of 39 to 44 dBA for individual rooms or suites are also included in the floatel noise evaluation, and 44 dBA will be set as the achievable target for the sleep disturbance thresholds.



3.0 NOISE MONITORING PROGRAM

In accordance with the FNMMP, Stantec Qualified Professionals conducted this noise monitoring program on the floatel from July 23 to July 28, 2025. The following sections outline the monitoring program details, including cabin locations, measurement instrumentation, measurement setup, Project construction activities occurring during the measurement period, and data analysis methods.

3.1 CABIN LOCATIONS

The sound level meters were set up inside the representative cabins on different decks of the floatel. A representative cabin is an unoccupied cabin that is available for occupancy and is selected based on the highest potential noise impact. Key factors in cabin selection included proximity to construction activities, line of sight to noise sources, and availability during the survey period.

Six cabins were selected for the sixth noise monitoring survey: Cabin 2005, Cabin 5616, Cabin 6442, Cabin 7028, Cabin 9400 and Cabin 0108. Each cabin is located on a different deck, indicated by the first digit of the cabin number (e.g., Cabin 5616 on Deck 5 and Cabin 0108 on Deck 10).

Construction activities within the Project area were the major noise sources onsite and were the focus of the sixth noise monitoring surveys. Cabin 7028 was selected because it is located at the stern of the floatel which is closest to and in line of sight with the northeastern construction site. The floatel is berthed starboard to shore, Cabin 5616, Cabin 9400 and Cabin 0108 are located at the starboard side of the floatel and facing the southwestern construction site. They were selected to evaluate noise effects from construction activities in the southwest. Cabin 6442 was selected in purpose to evaluate potential noise impact from the Gym activities to the cabin. The rationale for the cabin selections is also presented in Table 3.1.

Table 3.1 summarizes the selected cabins, general descriptions, and field observations. Figure 2 through Figure 4 illustrate these cabin locations on each deck of the floatel.



Table 3.1 Selected Cabins, Descriptions, and Observations

Cabin	Deck	Description and Observations during Monitoring Period	Reference Figures			
2005	2	 Deck 2 is under the ship water line. The 86 cabins on Deck 2 are mainly occupied by the crew members, there are a few construction workers also living on Deck 2 due to full occupancy. Some cabins are adjacent to the floatel operating facilities, including Engine Stores (engine room) and workshop, and auxiliary equipment on Deck 3. Shore grid power provided power to the floatel during the survey period. Noise levels due to operating equipment were reduced along the corridors. Cabin 2005 is adjacent to or underneath the floatel auxiliary operating facility, high noise emissions through the ceiling plenum to the room were measured. Cabin ceiling ventilation was continuously operating. 				
5616	5	 Total of 219 cabins, the second highest numbers of cabins per deck after Deck 6. Cabins are occupied by the construction workers. There are Vent Stores (i.e., ventilation rooms) and Service Workshop located at the stern of Deck 5. Cabin 5616 was selected as it is located at the starboard side of the floatel and facing the southwestern construction site. Cabin ceiling ventilation was continuously operating. 	Figure 2 Figure 6			
6442	6	 Total of 248 cabins, highest number of cabins per deck among all decks. Cabins occupied by the construction workers. Cabin 6442 was selected as it is located underneath the Gym on Deck 7 and noise from the Gym will be evaluated. Cabin ceiling ventilation was continuously operating. 	Figure 3 Figure 7			
7028	7	 Total of 58 cabins on Deck 7. Ancillary service facilities on Deck 7 including Reception, Gym, Games Lounge, and other facility rooms. Cabins are occupied by the construction workers. Cabin 7028 it is located at the stern of the floatel and the cabin wall is facing the northeastern construction site. Cabin ceiling ventilation was continuously operating. 	Figure 3 Figure 8			
9400	9	 Total of 88 cabins on Deck 9. There is an outdoor area at the stern and a smoking area on the starboard side of Deck 9. Cabins are occupied by the construction workers. Some cabins are located underneath several Fan Rooms (rooms with ventilation fans) on Deck 10, e.g., Cabins 9420 to 9436. Higher noise from Fan Rooms ventilation openings was observed at the smoke area. Cabin 9400 is located at the starboard side of the floatel and facing the southwestern construction site. Cabin ceiling ventilation was continuously operating. 	Figure 4 Figure 9			



Cabin	Deck	Description and Observations during Monitoring Period	Reference Figures
0108	10	Total of 17 cabins with office areas on Deck 10.	Figure 4
		Cabins are occupied by crew members and construction workers.	Figure 10
		There are several Fan Rooms on Deck 10.	
		 Cabin 0108 is located at the starboard side of the floatel and facing the southwestern construction site. 	
		Cabin ceiling ventilation was continuously operating.	

3.2 MEASUREMENT INSTRUMENTATION

Noise monitoring was conducted with two Brüel & Kjær Model 2250 sound level meters fitted with Brüel & Kjær 4189 and 4966 type microphones. The sound level meters meet the ANSI S1.4-2006 Type 1 and IEC 61672-1 Class 1 specifications. The sound level meters were field calibrated before and after each measurement period and have valid laboratory certificates. Laboratory certificates are considered valid within two-year period after last recalibration for the sound level meters and within one year period for the calibrator.

Table 3.2 summarizes details of the measurement instrumentation. Corresponding calibration certificates of sound level meters and calibrator are attached in Appendix C.

Table 3.2 Details of Measurement Instrumentation

Item	Description
Sound Level Meter	Brüel & Kjær Model 2250 s/n 3007710
	Brüel & Kjær Model 2250 s/n 3008995
Microphone	Brüel & Kjær Model 4189 s/n 2799496
	Brüel & Kjær Model 4966 s/n 3391835
Calibrator	Brüel & Kjær Model 4231 s/n 3009303
Bandwidth	1/3 Octave Band
Frequency Range	6.3 Hz – 20 kHz
Frequency Weightings	Z (Linear), A & C
Calibration Level	94 dB at 1 kHz

3.3 MEASUREMENT SETUP

Dayshift workers sleep during nighttime and nightshift workers sleep during daytime on the floatel. Therefore, continuous sound levels over 24 hours (i.e., over one daytime and one nighttime periods) were measured at the cabins.

Two sound level meters were deployed for continuous noise monitoring. The sound level meters were set to 1-minute logging intervals measuring L_{Amax} and L_{eq} sound levels in one-third octave band L_{eq} sound levels from 6.3 Hz to 20 kHz frequency range.



Sound level meters also recorded the continuous digital audio signal simultaneously for further data analysis and post-processing to remove (isolate) extraneous noise events from the dataset.

The microphones were set up at bed height (i.e., 1 meter above the room floor) in each cabin. Figure 5 through Figure 10 in Appendix A illustrate the sound level meter setup at each cabin.

The monitoring procedures are described as below:

- One sound level meter was set up at Cabin 0108 to collect continuous noise data over 24 hours from July 23 to July 24.
- One sound level meter was switched to Cabin 2005 to collect continuous noise data over 24 hours from July 24 to July 25.
- One sound level meter was switched to Cabin 9400 to collect continuous noise data over 24 hours from July 25 to July 26.
- One sound level meter was switched to Cabin 7028 to collect continuous noise data over 24 hours from July 26 to July 27.
- Then two sound level meters were set up at Cabin 5616 and Cabin 6442, respectively, to collect continuous noise data over 24 hours from July 27 to July 28.

Table 3.3 summarizes the measurement duration at each cabin during the noise monitoring period.

Table 3.3 Noise Monitoring Duration at Cabins

Cabin	Measurem	nent Start	Measurem	Measurement Duration	
	Date (mm/dd/yyyy)	Time (hh:mm)	Date (mm/dd/yyyy)	Time (hh:mm)	(hrs mm))
2005	07/24/2025	17:48	07/25/2025	17:50	24 hrs 2 mins
5616	07/27/2025	18:24	07/28/2025	18:25	24 hrs 1 min
6442	07/27/2025	18:15	07/28/2025	18:20	24 hrs 5 mins
7028	07/26/2025	18:08	07/27/2025	18:11	24 hrs 3 mins
9400	07/25/2025	17:54	07/26/2025	17:57	24 hrs 3 mins
0108	07/23/2025	17:41	07/24/2025	17:42	24 hrs 1 min

3.4 PROJECT CONSTRUCTION ACTIVITIES

There were Project dayshift and nightshift construction activities during the noise monitoring period from July 23 to July 28. The dayshift was from 07:00 to 17:00 and the nightshift was from 19:00 to 07:00. Figure 12 illustrates the construction areas onsite with Area ID #.

Major construction activities during the noise monitoring period included the following:

- Area 1100: Continued civil works, loading, hauling and placing backfill materials.
- Area 1200: Hydrovac support provided for grounding and cathodic excavation and installation activities; contractor drilled anchor holes and topped up 5 grout anchors for slope stabilization.



- Area 4200: Continued civil works, excavator worked on excavating ramps, loading, hauling and placing backfill material on the underside of the mud slab.
- Water Treatment: crew continued 24-hour inspections and monitoring of filling chlorine trucks and water trucks.

3.5 DATA ISOLATION ANALYSIS

The FNMMP prescribes that measured noise data that are not representative of the existing acoustic environment, and non-representative weather conditions can be isolated from the data set prior to the calculation of any average values.

Weather during this monitoring period was generally representative most of the time, there were no high wind and heavy rain outside to influence the indoor measurements. Therefore, isolation was not applied to weather conditions.

Noise events isolated from the data set included:

- Qualified Professional activities (e.g., equipment setup and disassembly, daily regular checkups).
- Door knocking or opening at the monitored cabin.
- Floatel fire alarm drill operating period. During the period of 07:24 to 08:30 on July 26, the floatel scheduled a fire alarm drill operation, the public announcement system (PA) and fire alarm operated.

These noise events were identified using audio recordings and also based on the Qualified Professional's field notes and then removed from the valid measurement data. Noise from local anthropogenic activities from neighbor occupants (e.g., toilet flushing, foot traffic and conversation in the corridor) and crew member activities nearby (e.g., regular operations, cleaning and maintenance activities) was considered to be part of the existing acoustic environment and was not isolated.

After the data isolation, L_{eq} , L_{d} , L_{n} , and L_{Amax} values were determined for the different measurement periods. Once the data isolation analysis was completed, the resulting valid noise data set (i.e., with invalid data removed) was logarithmically averaged over the corresponding time periods using the following formula:

$$L_{Aeq}(isolated, ave) = 10lg_{10} \left[\frac{1}{N_V} \sum_{i=1}^{N_V} 10^{(0.1L_{A,eq})} \right] dBA$$

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where N_V = number of valid 1-minute logging periods in the measurement data set.



4.0 MEASUREMENT RESULTS

This section summarizes the analysis results. The L_d, L_n, the occurrence of L_{Amax} higher than 45 dBA (i.e., Health Canada threshold) are analyzed and presented in tables herein. In total, there are more than 8600 minutes logged measurement values at six cabins during the monitoring period.

4.1 MEASUREMENT RESULTS AT CABINS

Table 4.1 provides an overall summary of the noise monitoring results at each noise monitoring cabin.

Table 4.1 Summary of Measurement Results

Cabin	Deck Overall Average Daytime		Overall Average	Number of Highest Occurrence of L _{Amax} > 45 dBA		
		L _d , dBA	Nighttime L _n , dBA	Nighttime Daytime		
2005	2	48.2	48.2	649	539	
5616	5	39.9	39.9	12	7	
6442	6	38.8	38.8	22	5	
7028	7	34.0	34.1	15	2	
9400	9	49.6	49.3	647	540	
0108	10	40.6	40.9	31	7	

The overall average daytime L_d sound levels are the logarithmic average of two daytime measurement results at each cabin. Details of daily measurement results at each cabin are described in the following sections. The daily results are compared to the Health Canada sleep disturbance thresholds and ANSI room sound level criteria of 39 to 44 dBA.

4.2 CABIN 2005

Table 4.2 summarizes the daily L_d and L_n sound levels, and quantities of occurrence with $L_{Amax} > 45$ dBA at Cabin 2005.

Table 4.2 Summary of Daily L_d and L_n at Cabin 2005

Date (mm/dd/yyyy)	Average Daytime	Average Nighttime	Daytime Quantity	Nighttime Quantity	Health Canada		ANSI S12.2
	L _d , dBA	L _n , dBA	of L _{Amax} > 45 dBA	of L _{Amax} > 45 dBA	L _{eq} , dBA	Qty. of L _{Amax} > 45 dBA	L _{eq} , dBA
07/24/2025 ¹	48.3	48.2	249	539	30	15	39 to 44
07/25/2025	48.0	_2	649	_2	30	15	39 to 44

Notes:

² "-" indicates no data was measured. The survey ended at 17:50.



¹ The measurements started at 17:48.

Monitoring results for Cabin 2005 are summarized as follows:

- L_d and L_n are higher than the Health Canada noise threshold of 30 dBA.
- L_d and L_n are higher than recommended ANSI S12.2 room sound level criteria limit of 44 dBA.
- Quantities of occurrence with L_{Amax} > 45 dBA are more than 15 times during both daytime and nighttime periods. See Section 6.0 for further details of discussion.

4.3 CABIN 5616

Table 4.3 summarizes the daily L_d and L_n sound levels, and quantities of occurrence with $L_{Amax} > 45$ dBA at Cabin 5616.

Table 4.3 Summary of Daily L_d and L_n at Cabin 5616

Date (mm/dd/yyyy)		Average Nighttime	Daytime Quantity	Nighttime Quantity	Health Canada		ANSI S12.2
	L _d , dBA	L _n , dBA	of L _{Amax} > 45 dBA	of L _{Amax} > 45 dBA	L _{eq} , dBA	Qty. of L _{Amax} > 45 dBA	L _{eq} , dBA
07/27/2025 ¹	39.8	39.9	8	7	30	15	39 to 44
07/28/2025	39.9	_2	12	_2	30	15	39 to 44

Notes:

Monitoring results for Cabin 5616 are summarized as follows:

- L_d and L_n are higher than the Health Canada noise threshold of 30 dBA.
- L_d and L_n are lower than recommended ANSI S12.2 room sound level criteria limit of 44 dBA.
- Quantities of occurrence with L_{Amax} > 45 dBA are less than 15 times during both daytime and nighttime.

4.4 CABIN 6442

Table 4.4 summarizes the daily L_d and L_n sound levels, and quantities of occurrence with $L_{Amax} > 45$ dBA at Cabin 6442.

Woodfibre LNG

¹ The measurements started at 18:24.

² "-" indicates no data was measured. The survey ended at 18:25.

Table 4.4 Summary of Daily Ld and Ln at Cabin 6442

Date (mm/dd/yyyy)	Average Daytime	Average Nighttime	Daytime Quantity	Nighttime Quantity	Health (ANSI S12.2	
	L _d , dBA	L _n , dBA	of L _{Amax} > 45 dBA	of L _{Amax} > 45 dBA	L _{eq} , dBA	Qty. of L _{Amax} > 45 dBA	L _{eq} , dBA
07/27/2025 ¹	38.6	38.8	12	5	30	15	39 to 44
07/28/2025	38.9	_2	22	_2	30	15	39 to 44

Notes:

Monitoring results for Cabin 6442 are summarized as follows:

- L_d and L_n sound levels are higher than the Health Canada noise threshold of 30 dBA.
- L_d and L_n sound levels are lower than the ANSI S12.2 room sound level criteria limit of 44 dBA.
- Quantities of occurrence with L_{Amax} > 45 dBA are less than 15 times during both daytime and nighttime periods of July 27.
- Quantities of occurrence with L_{Amax} > 45 dBA are more than 15 times during daytime period of July 28.

4.5 CABIN 7028

Table 4.5 summarizes the daily L_d and L_n sound levels, and quantities of occurrence with $L_{Amax} > 45$ dBA at Cabin 7028.

Table 4.5 Summary of Daily Ld and Ln at Cabin 7028

Date (mm/dd/yyyy)		Average Nighttime	Daytime Quantity	Nighttime Quantity	Health (Canada	ANSI S12.2
	L _d , dBA	L _n , dBA	of L _{Amax} > 45 dBA	of L _{Amax} > 45 dBA	L _{eq} , dBA	Qty. of L _{Amax} > 45 dBA	L _{eq} , dBA
07/26/2025 ¹	33.6	34.1	6	2	30	15	39-44
07/27/2025	34.3	_2	15	_2	30	15	39-44

Notes:



¹ The measurements started at 18:15.

² "-" indicates no data was measured. The survey ended at 18:20.

¹ The measurements started at 18:08.

² "-" indicates no data was measured. The survey ended at 18:11.

Monitoring results for Cabin 7028 are summarized as follows:

- L_d and L_n sound levels are higher than the Health Canada noise threshold of 30 dBA.
- L_d and L_n sound levels are lower than the ANSI S12.2 room sound level criteria limit of 44 dBA.
- Quantities of occurrence with L_{Amax} > 45 dBA are less than 15 times during both daytime and nighttime periods.

4.6 CABIN 9400

Table 4.6 summarizes the daily L_d and L_n sound levels, and quantities of occurrence with $L_{Amax} > 45$ dBA at Cabin 9400.

Table 4.6 Summary of Daily L_d and L_n at Cabin 9400

Date (mm/dd/yyyy)	Average Daytime	Average Nighttime	Daytime Quantity	Nighttime Quantity	Health (Canada	ANSI S12.2
	L _d , dBA	L _n , dBA	of L _{Amax} > 45 dBA	of L _{Amax} > 45 dBA	L _{eq} , dBA	Qty. of L _{Amax} > 45 dBA	L _{eq} , dBA
07/25/2025 ¹	49.1	49.3	242	540	30	15	39 to 44
07/26/2025	50.1	_2	647	_2	30	15	39 to 44

Notes:

Monitoring results for Cabin 9400 are summarized as follows:

- L_d and L_n sound levels are higher than the Health Canada noise threshold of 30 dBA.
- L_d and L_n sound levels are higher than the ANSI S12.2 room sound level criteria limit of 44 dBA.
- Quantities of occurrence with L_{Amax} > 45 dBA are more than 15 times during both daytime and nighttime periods. See Section 6.0 for further details of discussion.

4.7 CABIN 0108

Table 4.7 summarizes the daily L_d and L_n sound levels, and quantities of occurrence with $L_{Amax} > 45$ dBA at Cabin 0108.

Woodfibre LNG

¹ The measurements started at 17:54.

² "-" indicates no data was measured. The survey ended at 17:57.

Table 4.7 Summary of Daily Ld and Ln at Cabin 0108

Date (mm/dd/yyyy)		Average Nighttime	Daytime Quantity	Nighttime Quantity	Health (Canada	ANSI S12.2
	L _d , dBA	L _n , dBA	of L _{Amax} > 45 dBA	of L _{Amax} > 45 dBA	L _{eq} , dBA	Qty. of L _{Amax} > 45 dBA	L _{eq} , dBA
07/23/2025 ¹	40.5	40.9	13	7	30	15	39 to 44
07/24/2025	40.6	_2	31	_2	30	15	39 to 44

Note:

Monitoring results for Cabin 0108 are summarized as follows:

- L_d and L_n sound levels are higher than the Health Canada noise threshold of 30 dBA.
- The L_d and L_n sound levels are lower than the ANSI S12.2 room sound level criteria limit of 44 dBA.

- Quantities of occurrence with L_{Amax} > 45 dBA are less than 15 times during both daytime and nighttime periods of July 23.
- Quantities of occurrence with L_{Amax} > 45 dBA are more than 15 times during daytime period of July 24.



¹ The measurements started at 17:41.

² "-" indicates no data was measured. The survey ended at 17:42.

5.0 NOISE INTERVIEWS

During the noise monitoring period on the floatel, the Qualified Professionals interviewed various cabin occupants. The purpose of the interview is to obtain an understanding of the noise effects of interest to the occupants; and perform an investigation if there are any potential noise issues identified on the floatel and inform the floatel management for further mitigation plans.

Thirty occupants were randomly selected for the interviews, which represents about 5% of the total occupants at the time. There were approximately 635 total construction worker occupants during the fourth noise monitoring survey. The quantity of the floatel occupants is close to full capacity.

Four questions were asked regarding noise issues:

- 1. General evaluation for your sleeping quality at the floatel.
- 2. How long have you stayed at the floatel?
- 3. Can you hear outside construction noise?
- 4. Any noise concern/complaints.

Details of the interviews, including interviewee ID #, interview date, cabin location, and work shift; and answers for the questions are included in Appendix B.

Feedback for the questions from the interviewees is summarized as below:

- No interviewees have noise concerns or complaints regarding construction noise.
- All interviewees don't have sleep disturbance issues during the stay on the floatel, including sleeping during the daytime period.
- Occasional perceptible noise events raised by one interviewee living on Deck 6, the events are due to
 activities in the Gym on Deck 7, such as weights dropping on the floor.



6.0 DISCUSSION

Table 6.1 summarizes the measurement results when compared to the Health Canada noise threshold and ANSI S12.2 room sound level criteria.

Table 6.1 Summary of Results

Cabin	Deck		lth Canda Threshold dBA	L _{Amax} >	th Canada 45 dBA Less Than imes	Meet ANSI S12.2 Room Sound Level Criteria of 44 dBA			
		Daytime	Nighttime	Daytime	Nighttime	Daytime Nighttime			
2005	2	No	No	No	No	No	No		
5616	5	No	No	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes		
6442	6	No	No	Yes/No ¹	Yes	Yes	Yes		
7028	7	No	No	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes		
9400	9	No	No	No	No	No	No		
0108	10	No	No	Yes/No ²	Yes	Yes	Yes		

Notes:

Sound levels at all measured cabins are above the Health Canada sleep disturbance threshold of 30 dBA. During noise monitoring, Cabin 9400 had the highest L_d and L_n sound levels. It was observed that noise from strong airflow blowing through the ceiling ventilation outlet is the main contributor. As the cabin is underneath the Fan Rooms (rooms with ventilation fans) on Deck 10, the connecting duct could have the shortest length from the ventilation fans to the cabin. In addition, the potential of higher air flow during summer may contribute to the elevated noise level in comparison to other cooler seasons.

Cabin 2005 had the second highest L_d and L_n sound levels. The cabin is underneath Deck 3, where there are auxiliary operation facilities, such as heat pumps, intrusive noise emitted from operating equipment was transmitted to the cabin through the deck and ceiling plenum and contributes to the high noise levels inside the cabin.

Both Cabin 9400 and Cabin 2005 had the highest occurrence of L_{Amax} exceeding the 45 dBA L_{Amax} threshold more than 15 times, continuous L_{Amax} more than 45 dBA noise levels were measured at these cabins. Section 7.0 presents additional mitigation to reduce the noise level. Cabin 5616 and Cabin 7028 met the threshold during both daytime and nighttime periods. Cabins 6442 and Cabin 0108 exceed the threshold during one daytime period.

6.1 COMPARISON OF RECENT MEASUREMENT RESULTS

Table 6.2 compares the results from the three most recent surveys (i.e., January to February 2025, May 2025, and July 2025).



¹ Meet threshold on July 27 but exceed threshold on July 28.

² Meet threshold on July 23 but exceed threshold on July 24.

Table 6.2 Comparisons of Fourth, Fifth and Sixth Survey Results

	Cabin #		Dayti	me Highe dBA	st L _d ,	Nightt	ime High dBA	est L _n ,	ı	Number (of Highes L _{Amax} > 4		ence of	
										Daytime		N	ighttime	•
4 th	5 th	6 th	4 th	5 th	6 th	4 th	5 th	6 th	4 th	5 th	6 th	4 th	5 th	6 th
2027	2010	2005	41.1	46.1	48.3	41.2	46.2	48.2	35	670	649	29	540	539
5632	5630	5616	38.7	37.2	39.9	38.6	36.9	39.9	18	25	12	9	9	7
6708	6004	6442	41.3	41.3	38.9	41.4	41.2	38.8	13	46	22	12	21	5
7024	7028	7028	33.7	33.7	34.3	32.9	33.4	34.1	14	11	15	10	4	2
9436	9436	9400	37.3	35.4	50.1	37.5	35.7	49.3	16	23	647	9	5	540
0103	0104	0108	34.9	38.7	40.6	34.8	39.2	40.9	44	115	31	10	25	7



6.1.1 ANSI S12.2 Sound Level Criteria

The ceiling ventilation outlets are the dominant noise contributors in most cabins. All cabins do not have the option to open the window. The ceiling ventilation is essential to keep the cabins in comfortable warm or cool air flow for the occupants, similar to any hotel room. Turning off ventilation will affect the air circulation and temperature for cabin occupants. Therefore, the measurement results are compared to the ANSI S12.2 room sound level criteria for hotel/motel rooms.

During the fifth and sixth noise monitoring surveys, Cabin 2010 and Cabin 2005 exceeded the sound level criteria. Cabin 2010 and Cabin 2005 are located at the first row and second row of cabins on Deck 2, respectively, and are underneath the operating facilities on Deck 3; intrusive noise emitted from the operating equipment was transmitted to these cabins through the partition deck and ceiling plenum and contributed to the high interior sound levels. Cabin 2027 is located at the fourth row and further away from operating equipment, the interior L_d and L_n sound levels met the sound level criteria.

During the 6th survey, Cabin 9400 had the highest daytime and nighttime sound levels and exceeded the ANSI S12.2 room sound level criteria of 44 dBA. Cabin 9436 in the fourth and fifth surveys showed much lower sound levels and met the criteria. Higher airflow during summer period may contribute to the exceedance. It is recommended that noise measurement for Cabin 9400 be conducted in Quarter 4 noise monitoring survey and verify the interior noise levels again.

Cabin interior L_d and L_n sound levels measured on Decks 5, 6, and 7 were comparable and below the ANSI S12.2 sound level criteria of 44 dBA.

Cabin 6442 is located underneath the Gym on Deck 7. Results show lower interior sound levels in comparison to Cabin 6708 and Cabin 6004.

6.1.2 Health Canada Threshold of 45 dBA L_{Amax}

In terms of meeting the threshold of 45 dBA L_{Amax} or above occurrence less than 15 times, Cabins on Deck 5 (i.e., Cabin 5032, Cabin 5630, and Cabin 5616), Deck 7 (i.e., Cabin 7024 and Cabin 7028), and Deck 9 (i.e., Cabin 9436) met the threshold during the nighttime periods, and cabins on Deck 7 also met the threshold during the daytime periods.

During three surveys, Cabin 2010, Cabin 2005 and Cabin 9400 had the highest occurrence results. However, it was found that continuous L_{Amax} more than 45 dBA noise levels were measured at these cabins and noise would not be characterized as intermittent noise events, such that the threshold of 45 dBA L_{Amax} or above occurrence less than 15 times may not apply for the case.

Cabin 2027 is located at the fourth row and had much less occurrences of 45 dBA L_{Amax} noise levels.

Cabin 6442 was selected in purpose to evaluate potential noise impact from the Gym activities to the cabin. Results show both lower interior sound levels, and lower occurrence results of L_{Amax} noise levels in comparison to Cabin 6708 and Cabin 6004; therefore, noise impact from the Gym activities had less effects on Cabin 6442.



6.1.3 Noise Interviews

On all decks, noise from the construction activities does not affect the floatel interior acoustic environment. The interview results also indicate no sleep disturbance issues and no noise concerns or complaints due to construction noise during the noise monitoring survey periods.



7.0 MITIGATION MEASURES

To prevent future noise concerns or complaints, potential noise mitigation measures and management controls that have been implemented or may be considered are summarized below:

- Shore grid power supply continues to provide power to the floatel. The power generation engines
 inside the Engine Stores will be used only in emergency situations. In accordance with the results of
 the third noise monitoring survey, the sound levels at corridors on Deck 2 have been reduced at
 different locations (Stance 2024c).
- As discussed in Section 6, cabins located in the first and second rows on Deck 2 had high interior sound levels. However, sound levels in the cabins further away met the ANSI S12.2 room sound level criteria. Workers' cabin allocation to Deck 2 should be reduced where possible, especially in the first and second rows of the cabins. These cabin locations are illustrated in Figure 11. Where reducing occupancy of these cabins is not possible, hearing protection (e.g./ earplugs) will be offered to occupants to facilitate undisturbed sleep. Woodfibre LNG is currently assessing other potential mitigation measures for those cabins. Noise monitoring for more cabins on Deck 2 is also recommended.
- It is recommended that noise measurements be conducted for Cabin 9400 in Quarter 4 noise
 monitoring survey again and verify the interior noise levels; if the thresholds are still exceeded, then
 mitigation measures should be investigated.
- For activities in the Gym, the floatel management has posted additional signage, and the receptionist
 also does regular patrolling to remind users that dropping the weights (e.g., deadlifts) should be
 minimized or avoided.
- The floatel management keeps seeking solutions to reduce noise and vibration from weight dropping (e.g., rubber mats on the gym floor to dampen the impact).
- Should the floatel management receive noise complaints, administration controls can be implemented to select or change specific cabins or decks for the workers who need alternative cabins.
- Maintain the Communication Protocol and Complaint Response Procedure to address and manage any future noise concerns or complaints by the floatel occupants.



8.0 CONCLUSIONS

The sixth noise monitoring survey was conducted on the floatel from July 23 to July 28, 2025 to fulfill the requirements of Condition 30 of EAC. Continuous sound levels over 24 hours were collected at six selected cabins. Measured noise data were analyzed and compared with the Health Canada sleep disturbance thresholds, as well as ANSI S12.2 room sound level criteria and assess the compliance. Interviews with occupants for noise concerns were performed. Mitigation and an adaptive management plan were recommended.

The measurement results of the sixth noise monitoring survey are above the Health Canada thresholds. The measurement results met the ANSI S12.2 room sound level criteria at most cabins, except Cabin 2005 and Cabin 9400. There was no sleep disturbance issues and noise concerns or complaints due to construction noise received from the floatel occupants. Noise from the Project construction activities did not affect the floatel interior acoustic environment. In addition, the Communication Protocol and Complaint Response Procedure will be maintained to address and manage any noise concerns or complaints from the floatel occupants.



9.0 REFERENCES

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23

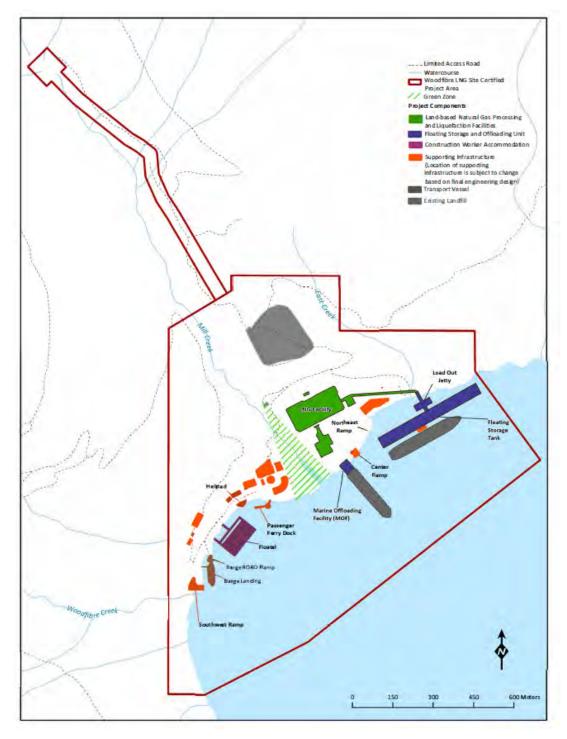
Woodfibre LNG 2023. Application for a Temporary Use Permit for the District of Squamish – Floatel. August 2023.

Woodfibre LNG

APPENDIX A FIGURES



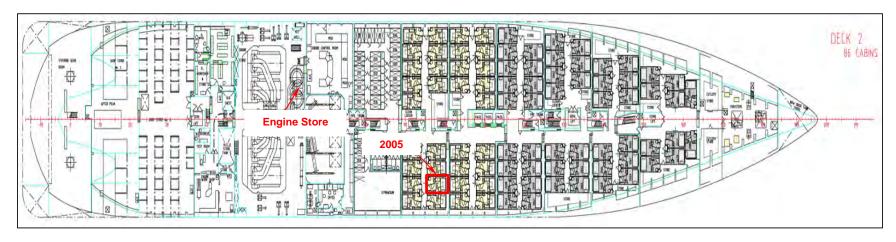
Figure 1 Site Plan with Floatel Location





A.2

Figure 2 Measurement Location at Cabin 2005 and Cabin 5616 (Deck 2 and Deck 5)







A.3

WOODFIBRE LNG PROJECT: FLOATEL NOISE MONITORING SURVEY - 6 (JULY 23 – JULY 28, 2025)

Legend of Figure 2

Noise monitoring cabin

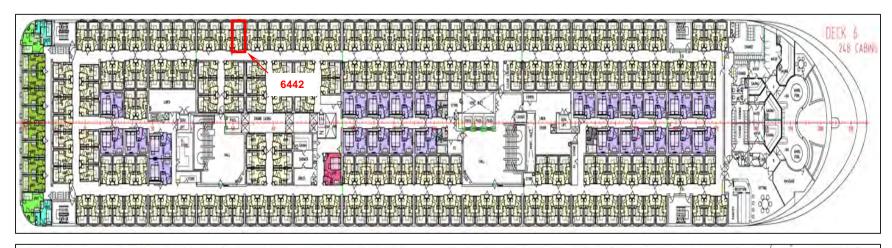
Quantity of cabins per deck (unless otherwise indicated, applies to all figures with cabins)

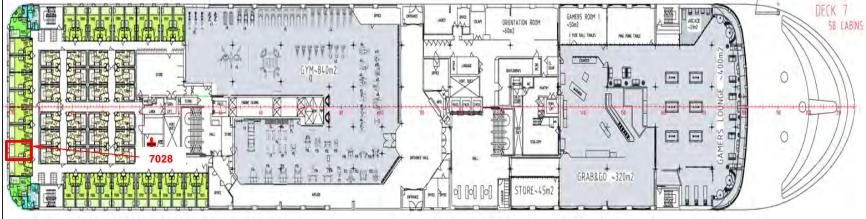
	TYPE 1A-1	TYPE 1A-2	TYPE 1A-3	TYPE 18-1	TYPE 18-2	TYPE 18-3	TYPE 18-4	TYPE 18-5	19PE 18-6		TYPE 18-8	TYPE 10-1	TYPE 10-2	TYPE 10	TYPE 1E-1	TYPE 18-2	TYPE 1F-1	TYPE 1F-2	TYPE 2A	TYPE 28	TYPE ZE	TYPE 34		TYPE 4A	TYPE 48	4 0 8 8 7 17 7 8 8 5 8 8 18 5 9 4 8 18 5 8
DECK 10				9										-								-		8		17
DECK 9	18			8								30							7	1	17	L			1	88
DECK 7	24											30				2		2								58
DECK 6	208												8		2		2		24	1					3	248
DECK 5	102	6	44		15	5	9	10	7		7			. 4					14						1	219
DECK 2	34											16 1													52	86
******	386	6	44	17	15	5	9	10	7	1	1	60	8	4	2	2	2	2	45	2	17	4	2	8	57	716



A.4

Figure 3 Measurement Location at Cabin 6442 and Cabin 7028 (Deck 6 and Deck 7)



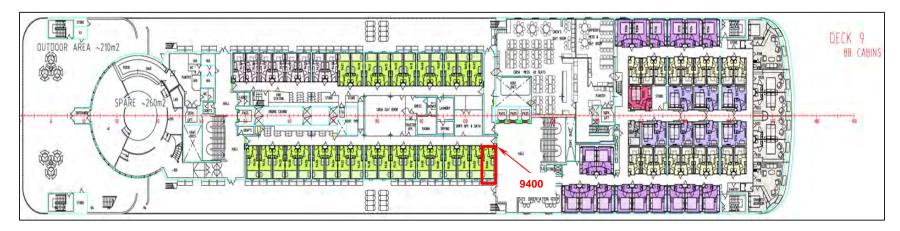


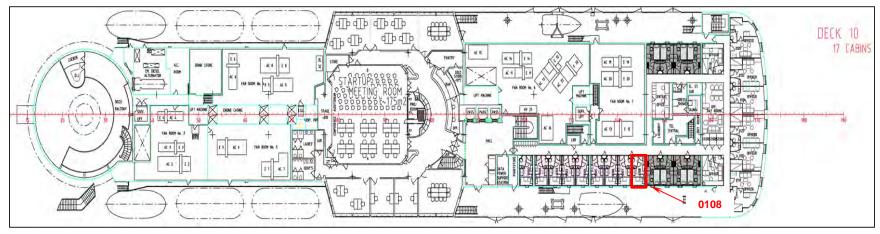
Legend





Figure 4 Measurement Location at Cabin 9400 and Cabin 0108 (Deck 9 and Deck 10)





Legend

Noise monitoring cabin



Figure 5 Sound Level Meter Setup at Cabin 2005



Figure 6 Sound Level Meter Setup at Cabin 5616





Figure 7 Sound Level Meter Setup at Cabin 6442



Figure 8 Sound Level Meter Setup at Cabin 7028

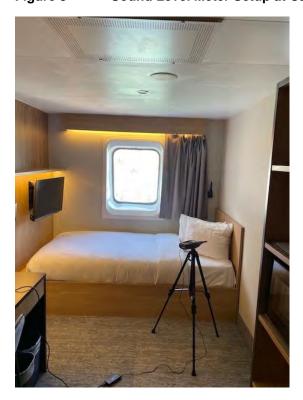




Figure 9 Sound Level Meter Setup at Cabin 9400



Figure 10 Sound Level Meter Setup at Cabin 0108





Figure 11 Cabins Not Preferable for Worker Accommodation on Deck 2



Legend





APPENDIX B NOISE INTERVIEW RECORDS



Interviewer: Emma Xiong, EIT				Interview Questionnaire					
	Interviewee Infor	mation							
ID # of Interviewee	Interview Date	Living Deck	Work Shift	1.General evaluation for your sleeping quality at Floatel	2.How long have you stayed?	3. Can you hear outside construction noise?	3. Any noise concerns/ complaints		
#1	July 24	7	Night	Sleep well	7 months	No	No		
#2	July 24	5	Night	Nice	12 months	No	No		
#3	July 24	6	Day	No noise issue for sleep	13 months	Not at all	No complaint		
#4	July 24	10	Day	Great	15 months	Nothing heard from construction	Nothing to complaint		
#5	July 24	5	Day	It's good	11 months	Can't hear	Sometime air conditioners		
#6	July 24	6	Night	Sometime noise from gym	10 months	No	People at gym drop weights on the ground		
#7	July 24	9	Day	Good	1 week	Not really	Ventilation		
#8	July 24	5	Day	Not bad	3 weeks	No	No noise concern		
#9	July 24	6	Night	Pretty well	9 months	No	Cleaners		
#10	July 24	7	Day	Mostly ok	6 months	Barely	Ventilation Fan		
#11	July 25	6	Night	Not bad	6 months	Not really	People talking		
#12	July 25	6	Night	It's ok	8 months	never	Cleaning noise		
#13	July 25	6	Night	Good	6 months	Not really	Safety drill during daytime		
#14	July 25	6	Night	Pretty good	5 months	Didn't hear	Mostly people talking		
#15	July 25	7	Day	Ok	10 months	Didn't notice	Really quiet		
#16	July 25	5	Day	Not bad	12 months	No	Better than other camps		
#17	July 25	9	Day	Sleep well	7 months	Not at all	Not yet		
#18	July 25	6	Night	Need adjust self	4 months	Construction noise level very low	Ventilation		
#19	July 26	7	Night	No problem	8 months	Hardly any	Nothing complaint		
#20	July 26	6	Day	Great	13 months	Not much at all	No		
#21	July 26	6	Day	Pretty good	9 months	No	Nothing		
#22	July 27	5	Day	Generally ok	2 months	Didn't hear	Not for noise		
#23	July 27	6	Day	Nothing for sleeping	8 months	Not yet	It's ok		
#24	July 27	7	Night	It's fine	4 months	No	Cleaner check room		
#25	July 27	9	Day	All good	8 months	Nothing heard from outside construction	Not bother		
#26	July 27	6	Day	Excellent	16 months	Nothing heard from outside construction	No		
#27	July 27	6	Day	Sleep well	12 months	No	No noise concern		
#28	July 27	5	Night	It's ok	6 months	No inside room	Ventilation		
#29	July 27	6	Day	Great, as usual	11 months	No	Sometimes people talking outside room		
#30	July 27	9	Day	No issue	9 months	Not at all	All good		



APPENDIX C INSTRUMENTATION CALIBRATION CERTIFICATION





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Fax: 770-447-4033
Web site address: http://www.hbkworld.com

Can Phan Calibration Technician



Grant Kennedy

Quality Representative

Calibration Certificate # 1568.01

CERTIFICATE OF	FCALIBRATION	No.: 424477-709			Page 1 of 2	
CALIBRATION OF	:					
Calibrator:	Brüel & Kjær	Type 4231 IEC Class:	1	Serial No.:	3009303	
CUSTOMER:	Stantec Consulting Ltd. 325 25 Street SE - Unit 200 Calgary, AB T2A 7H8)				
CALIBRATION CO	ONDITIONS:					
Environment conditions:	Air temperature: Air pressure: Relative Humidity:	23.6 98.63 49.5	°C kPa %RH			
derived from natural physica IEC60942. PROCEDURE: The results of the process of	s with values traceable to the Nati l constants. The acoustic calibrator	r has been calib	assistance	ordance with the re	equirements as specified in lel & Kjær Inc. acoustic calib	
RESULTS:	ftware version 2.3.4 Type 7794	using calibra	tion proced	lure 4231 Comp	lete	
X "As Received" I X "Final" Data The reported expanded uncer	Data: Within Acceptance Criteria : Within Acceptance Criteria rtainty is based on the standard undertainty evaluation has been carrie	"F	Final" Data	: Outside Aoverage factor $k = 2$		
7.5	environmental conditions and any alibration: 9 April, 2025	short time con	To be a	m the calibrator unate issued: 9 April		
				1		

CERTIFICATE OF CALIBRATION

No.: 424477-709

Type: 4231

Serial No.: 3009303

Page 2 of 2

Sound Pressure Levels

All stated values are valid at environmental reference conditions

Nominal Level [dB]	Accept Limit Lower [dB]	Accept Limit Upper [dB]	Measured Level [dB]	Measurement Uncertainty [dB]
94	93.80	94.20	94.02	0.12
114	113.80	114.20	114.03	0.12

Frequency

Nominal	Accept Limit	Accept Limit	Measured	Measurement
Frequency	Lower	Upper	Frequency	Uncertainty
[Hz]	[Hz]	[Hz]	[Hz]	[Hz]
1000	999.00	1001.00	999.97	0.10

Total Distortion*

Distortion mode:

X TD*

THD*

Calibration Level [dB]*	Accept Limit	Measured Distortion [%]*	Measurement Uncertainty [%]*
94	1.00	0.52	0.13
114	1.00	0.24	0.13

Environmental Reference Conditions:

Pressure: 101.3 kPa, Temperature: 23 °C, Relative Humidity: 50%

Instrument List

Type 3560 9545 4228	Description PULSE Analyzer Transfer Microphone Reference Sound Source	Serial no 2723320 3 1618502	Cal. date 2024-10-16 2024-10-18 2023-04-19	Due date 2025-10-31 2025-10-31 2025-04-30	Calibrated by GK MH WS	Trace number 401410-801 401410-401 CAS-632564- L2S0L9-708
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During the calibration the calibrator has been loaded by the load volume of the Transfer Microphone. The load volumes for a number of different types of Transfer Microphones are listed in the table below.

For Brüel & Kjær Pistonphones types 4220 and 4228 the result of the SPL calibration has been corrected to be valid for a load volume of 1333 mm³. For all other types the result is valid with the actual load volume.

Transfer Microphone Type	Fulfils standard IEC 61094-1 LS	Fulfils standard IEC 61094-4 WS	Load Volume 1" (1/2" mic including DP-0776)	Load Volume 1/2"
4180	ves	yes	1126 mm ³	43 mm ³
4192	-	yes	1273 mm ³	190 mm ³
9545		-	1333 mm ³	

Condition "As Received":

Good





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CERTIFICATE OF CALIBRATION

Certificate No: 409505-801

Page 1 of 10

CALIBRATION OF:

Sound Level Meter:

Brüel & Kjær

2250

Serial No: 3007710

Microphone:

Brüel & Kjær

4189

Serial No: 2680621

Preamplifier:

Brüel & Kjær

ZC-0032

Serial No: 15717

Software version:

BZ7222 Version 4.7.8

CLIENT:

Stantec Consulting Ltd. 200 - 325 25th Street SE Calgary, AB T2A 7H8

CALIBRATION CONDITIONS:

Preconditioning:

4 hours at 23 \pm 3 °C

Environment conditions

See actual values in Environmental Condition sections

SPECIFICATIONS:

This document certifies that the instrument as listed under "Model/Serial Number" has been calibrated and unless otherwise indicated under "Final Data", meets acceptance criteria as prescribed by the referenced Procedure. The reported expanded uncertainty is based on the standard uncertainty multiplied by a coverage factor k = 2 providing a level of confidence of approximately 95%. Statements of compliance, where applicable, are based on calibration results falling within specified criteria with no reduction by the uncertainty of the measurement. The calibration of the listed instrumentation, was accomplished using a test system which conforms with the requirements of ISO/IEC 17025, ANSI/NCSL Z540-1, and ISO 10012-1. For "as received" and/or "final" data, see the attached page(s). Items marked with one asterisk (*) are not covered by the scope of the current A2LA accreditation This Certificate and attached data pages shall not be reproduced, except in full, without the written approval of the Hottinger Brüel & Kjær Calibration Laboratory-Duluth, GA. Results relate only to the items tested. This instrument has been calibrated using Measurement Standards with values traceable to the National Institute of Standards and Technology, National Measurement Institutes or derived from natural physical constants.

PROCEDURE:

Hottinger Brüel & Kjær Model 3630 Sound Level Meter Calibration System Software 7763 Version 8.6 - DB: 8.60 Test Collection 2250-4189.

RESULTS:

As Received Condition

As Received Data

Final Data

X Received in good condition

X Within acceptance criteria

X Within acceptance criteria

Date of Calibration: 28 Feb. 2025

Certificate issued: 28 Feb. 2025

John atil.

Grant Kennedy

Calibration Technician

John Avitabile

Quality Representative

Certificate No: 409505-801

Summary

Preliminary inspection	<u>Passed</u>
Environmental conditions, Prior to calibration	<u>Passed</u>
Reference information	<u>Passed</u>
Indication at the calibration check frequency	<u>Passed</u>
Acoustical signal tests of a frequency weighting, C weighting	<u>Passed</u>
Self-generated noise, Microphone installed	<u>Passed</u>
Self-generated noise, Electrical	<u>Passed</u>
Electrical signal tests of frequency weightings, A weighting	<u>Passed</u>
Electrical signal tests of frequency weightings, C weighting	<u>Passed</u>
Electrical signal tests of frequency weightings, Z weighting	<u>Passed</u>
Frequency and time weightings at 1 kHz	<u>Passed</u>
Long-term stability, Reference	<u>Passed</u>
Level linearity on the reference level range, Upper	<u>Passed</u>
Level linearity on the reference level range, Lower	<u>Passed</u>
Toneburst response, Time-weighting Fast	<u>Passed</u>
Toneburst response, Time-weighting Slow	<u>Passed</u>
Toneburst response, LAE	Passed
C-weighted peak sound level, 8 kHz	Passed
C-weighted peak sound level, 500 Hz	<u>Passed</u>
Overload indication	Passed
Long-term stability, 1. relative	<u>Passed</u>
High-level stability	Passed
Long-term stability, 2. relative	<u>Passed</u>
Environmental conditions, Following calibration	Passed

The sound level meter submitted for testing successfully completed the periodic tests of IEC 61672-3:2013, for the environmental conditions under which the tests were performed.

However, no general statement or conclusion can be made about conformance of the sound level meter to the full specifications of IEC 61672-1:2013 because (a) evidence was not publicly available, from an independent testing organization responsible for pattern approvals, to demonstrate that the model of sound level meter fully conformed to the class 1 specifications in IEC 61672-1:2013 or correction data for acoustical test of frequency weighting were not provided in the Instruction Manual and (b) because the periodic tests of IEC 61672-3:2013 cover only a limited subset of the specifications in IEC 61672-1:2013.

Conformance to a performance specification is demonstrated when the following criteria are both satisfied: (a) a measured deviation from a design goal does not exceed the applicable acceptance limit and (b) the corresponding uncertainty of measurement does not exceed the corresponding maximum-permitted uncertainty of measurement given in IEC 61672-1:2013 for the same coverage probability of 95 %.



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Fax: 770-447-4033 Web site address: http://www.hbkworld.com

CERTIFICATE OF CALIBRATION



Page 1 of 4

CALIBRAT	TON OF:					
Microphone: Identification:	Brüel & Kjær 1	Туре	4189		Serial No.	2799496
CUSTOME	R:					
		tec Consulting				
		325 25 St SE				
	Calg	gary AB T2P 7H8				
CALIBRAT	ION CONDI	TIONS:				
Environment con	ditions:	Air temperature:	22	°C		
		Air pressure:	99.3	kPa		
		Relative Humidity:	23.5	%RH		
Applied polarizat	tion voltage:	0 Vdc	ic			
acceptance criter by ILAC G8 with accomplished usi For "as received"	ertifies that the instrict as prescribed by a measurement uncorning a test system when and "final" data, so is Certificate and at	the referenced Procedure. He ertainty value which will not nich conforms to the requirer the attached page(s). Items	exceed 50% ments of ISC s marked wi be reproduce	el & Kjaer of the tole of the	Inc. utilizes a sing erance. The calib 5, ANSI/NCSL risk (*) are not confull, without w	vise indicated under "Final Data", meemple acceptance decision rule as definoration of the listed transducer was Z540-1, and guidelines of ISO 10012-covered by the scope of the current A2 ritten approval of the Hottinger Brüel

No.: 409505-701

Date of Calibration: February 28, 2025 Certificate issued: February 28, 2025

calibration method, effect of environmental conditions and any short-term contribution from the device under calibration.

The reported expanded uncertainty is based on the standard uncertainty multiplied by a coverage factor k=2 providing a level of confidence of approximately 95%. The uncertainty evaluation has been carried out in accordance with EA-4/02 from elements originating from standards,

Can Phan
Calibration Technician

X "As Received" Data: Within Acceptance Criteria

: Within Acceptance Criteria

RESULTS:

X "Final" Data

Aundra Welch

Quality Representative

and l. 3kh.

"As Received" Data: Outside Acceptance Criteria

: Outside Acceptance Criteria

"Final" Data

CERTIFICATE OF CALIBRATION

No.: 409505-701

Type: 4189

Serial No.: 2799496

Page 2 of 4

Sensitivity

+/-1.5 dB -26 dB re. 1V/Pa Nominal sensitivity: 55.24 mV/Pa -25.16 dB re. 1V/Pa or Sensitivity at calibration conditions: 55.11 mV/Pa -25.18 dB re. 1V/Pa or Sensitivity at reference conditions:

+/- 0.11 dB Uncertainty: -0.82 dB

Correction factor K at reference conditions: 251.19 Hz

Calibration Frequency:

Reference Conditions:

Pressure: 101.3 kPa Temperature: 23 °C Relative Humidity: 50%

Traceable references

Trace number Calibrated by Due date Cal. date Serial no Type M2.10-1646-3.1 2026-04-30 **DPLA** 2024-04-23 2602440 4180

Condition "As Received":

Good





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CERTIFICATE OF CALIBRATION

Certificate No: CAS-675620-C0D5T5-101

Page 1 of 10

CALIBRATION OF:

Sound Level Meter:

Brüel & Kjær

2250

4231

Serial No: 3008995

Microphone:

Brüel & Kjær

4966 Serial No: 3391835

Preamplifier:

Brüel & Kjær

ZC-0032

Supplied Calibrator:

Brüel & Kjær

Serial No: 23441

Software version:

Serial No: 3009303

BZ7222 Version 4.5.2

CLIENT:

Stantec

155 Hawkville Close NW Calgary, AB T3G 3C3

CALIBRATION CONDITIONS:

Preconditioning:

4 hours at 23 ± 3 °C

Environment conditions

See actual values in Environmental Condition sections

SPECIFICATIONS:

This document certifies that the instrument as listed under "Model/Serial Number" has been calibrated and unless otherwise indicated under "Final Data", meets acceptance criteria as prescribed by the referenced Procedure. The reported expanded uncertainty is based on the standard uncertainty multiplied by a coverage factor k = 2 providing a level of confidence of approximately 95%. Statements of compliance, where applicable, are based on calibration results falling within specified criteria with no reduction by the uncertainty of the measurement. The calibration of the listed instrumentation, was accomplished using a test system which conforms with the requirements of ISO/IEC 17025, ANSI/NCSL Z540-1, and ISO 10012-1. For "as received" and/or "final" data, see the attached page(s). Items marked with one asterisk (*) are not covered by the scope of the current A2LA accreditation This Certificate and attached data pages shall not be reproduced, except in full, without the written approval of the Hottinger Brüel & Kjær Calibration Laboratory-Duluth, GA. Results relate only to the items tested. This instrument has been calibrated using Measurement Standards with values traceable to the National Institute of Standards and Technology, National Measurement Institutes or derived from natural physical constants.

PROCEDURE:

Hottinger Brüel & Kjær Model 3630 Sound Level Meter Calibration System Software 7763 Version 8.6 - DB: 8.60 Test Collection 2250-4966.

RESULTS:

As Received Condition

As Received Data

Final Data

X Received in good condition

X Within acceptance criteria

X Within acceptance criteria

Date of Calibration: 05 March 2024

Certificate issued: 05 March 2024

John Avitabile

Grant Kennedy Quality Representative

Calibration Technician





The Hottinger Bruel & Kjaer Calibration Laboratory 3079 Premiere Parkway Suite 120 Duluth, GA 30097 Telephone: 770/209-6907 Fax: 770/447-4033 Web site address: http://www.hbkworld.com

CERTIFICATE OF CALIBRATION

Certificate No: CAS-675620-C0D5T5-101

Page 1 of 10

CALIBRATION OF:

Sound Level Meter:

Brüel & Kjær

2250

4231

Serial No: 3008995

Microphone:

Brüel & Kjær

4966 Serial No: 3391835

Preamplifier:

Brüel & Kjær

ZC-0032

Supplied Calibrator:

Brüel & Kjær

Serial No: 23441

Software version:

Serial No: 3009303

BZ7222 Version 4.5.2

CLIENT:

Stantec

155 Hawkville Close NW Calgary, AB T3G 3C3

CALIBRATION CONDITIONS:

Preconditioning:

4 hours at 23 ± 3 °C

Environment conditions

See actual values in Environmental Condition sections

SPECIFICATIONS:

This document certifies that the instrument as listed under "Model/Serial Number" has been calibrated and unless otherwise indicated under "Final Data", meets acceptance criteria as prescribed by the referenced Procedure. The reported expanded uncertainty is based on the standard uncertainty multiplied by a coverage factor k = 2 providing a level of confidence of approximately 95%. Statements of compliance, where applicable, are based on calibration results falling within specified criteria with no reduction by the uncertainty of the measurement. The calibration of the listed instrumentation, was accomplished using a test system which conforms with the requirements of ISO/IEC 17025, ANSI/NCSL Z540-1, and ISO 10012-1. For "as received" and/or "final" data, see the attached page(s). Items marked with one asterisk (*) are not covered by the scope of the current A2LA accreditation This Certificate and attached data pages shall not be reproduced, except in full, without the written approval of the Hottinger Brüel & Kjær Calibration Laboratory-Duluth, GA. Results relate only to the items tested. This instrument has been calibrated using Measurement Standards with values traceable to the National Institute of Standards and Technology, National Measurement Institutes or derived from natural physical constants.

PROCEDURE:

Hottinger Brüel & Kjær Model 3630 Sound Level Meter Calibration System Software 7763 Version 8.6 - DB: 8.60 Test Collection 2250-4966.

RESULTS:

As Received Condition

As Received Data

Final Data

X Received in good condition

X Within acceptance criteria

X Within acceptance criteria

Date of Calibration: 05 March 2024

Certificate issued: 05 March 2024

John Avitabile

Grant Kennedy Quality Representative

Calibration Technician

Certificate No: CAS-675620-C0D5T5-101

Summary

Preliminary inspection	Passed
Environmental conditions, Prior to calibration	Passed
Reference information	Passed
Indication at the calibration check frequency	Passed
Acoustical signal tests of a frequency weighting, C weighting	Passed
Self-generated noise, Microphone installed	Passed
Self-generated noise, Electrical	Passed
Electrical signal tests of frequency weightings, A weighting	Passed
Electrical signal tests of frequency weightings, C weighting	Passed
Electrical signal tests of frequency weightings, Z weighting	Passed
Frequency and time weightings at 1 kHz	Passed
Long-term stability, Reference	Passed
Level linearity on the reference level range, Upper	Passed
Level linearity on the reference level range, Lower	Passed
Toneburst response, Time-weighting Fast	Passed
Toneburst response, Time-weighting Slow	Passed
Toneburst response, LAE	Passed
C-weighted peak sound level, 8 kHz	Passed
C-weighted peak sound level, 500 Hz	Passed
Overload indication	Passed
Long-term stability, 1. relative	Passed
High-level stability	Passed
Long-term stability, 2. relative	Passed
Environmental conditions, Following calibration	Passed

The sound level meter submitted for testing successfully completed the periodic tests of IEC 61672-3:2013, for the environmental conditions under which the tests were performed.

As evidence was publicly available, from an independent testing organization responsible for approving the results of pattern-evaluation tests performed in accordance with IEC 61672-2:2013, to demonstrate that the model of sound level meter fully conformed to the class 1 specifications in IEC 61672-1:2013, the sound level meter submitted for testing conforms to the class 1 specifications of IEC 61672-1:2013.

Conformance to a performance specification is demonstrated when the following criteria are both satisfied: (a) a measured deviation from a design goal does not exceed the applicable acceptance limit and (b) the corresponding uncertainty of measurement does not exceed the corresponding maximum-permitted uncertainty of measurement given in IEC 61672-1:2013 for the same coverage probability of 95 %.